Notes Week 1

March 18, 2019

4) Burial masks and death masks: have had an important role in many societies. The ancient Egyptians put a personalized mask over the face of every mummy, or they made the mask part of the mummy case.

March 19, 2019

The mask supposedly identified the dead person so that the wandering soul could always find its body.

March 20, 2019

Oil paint: consists of ground pigments combined with a linseed oil vehicle and turpentine medium to thinner. Oil paint is naturally slow in drying. Because oil paint is not water based, we do not use it in class.

March 21, 2019

Acrylic paint: offers many of the advantages of oil paint, but without the mess. Acrylic paint is a mixture of pigment and a plastic vehicle that can be thinned and washed off brushes and hands with water.

March 22, 2019

Tempera paint: Every kindergarten finger-painter, high school cheerleader and pep squad member is familiar with tempera paint. One of the oldest types of paint, it was originally a pigment paint thickened with egg yolks.

Week 2

March 25, 2019

Positive spaces are those occupied by the main subjects of the work. Shapes of positive spaces are determined by the shapes of the main subject of the work.

March 26, 2019

The Negative spaces are the areas around and behind the positive spaces. Negative space can also be referred to as the background. Negative spaces have shapes as well.

March 27, 2019

Space and shape, two of the elements of design, work together to form a finished work of art. There are two kinds of space: positive and negative.

March 28, 2019

The **grid method** is an inexpensive, low-tech way to reproduce and/or enlarge an image that you want to paint or draw. The grid method can be a fairly time-intensive process, depending on how large and detailed your drawing will be.

March 29, 2019

The grid method involves drawing a grid over your reference photo, and then drawing a grid of **equal ratio** on your work surface (paper, canvas, wood panel, etc).

Week 3

April 1, 2019

Then you draw the image on your canvas, focusing on one square at a time, until the entire image has been transferred.

April 2, 2019

The grid method has been used by artists for centuries as a tool to creating correct proportions. Renaissance artists, even the great Leonardo da Vinci, used the grid method!

April 3, 2019

The grid method dates back to the ancient Egyptians. It is clearly a useful method for artists and aspiring artists alike.

April 4, 2019

The grid method is not only useful for photorealistic paintings, but can also be applied to enlarge or transfer drawings or sketches in any style, such as abstract, cubist, whimsical, etc. It's an effective way to transform that little doodle in your sketchbook into a full-blown painting!

April 5, 2019

Mosaic is an art form in which small pieces of colored glass, stone, or other material are set into mortar. The pieces fit together to form a picture.

Week 4

April 8, 2019

Most mosaics decorate ceilings, floors and interior walls, but some are used for such exterior surfaces as pavements and outside walls.

April 9, 2019

People in ancient Mesopotamia may have made mosaics as early as the 3000’s B.C. However the wide spread use of mosaics began in the 300’s B.C. in areas ruled by Greece.

April 10, 2019

The Greeks later taught mosaic design to the Romans, who developed their own style of the art. The Romans spread mosaic art throughout the Roman Empire.

April 11, 2019

Through the centuries, people of various other cultures have created mosaic art. For example, Muslim in India and Persia made mosaics, as did the Aztec and Mayan Indians of Latin America.

April 12, 2019

Paper mosaics are an art form in which small pieces of colored paper are pieced together to form a picture.

Week 5

April 22, 2019

Paper mosaic, also known as paper collage, comes from the French word “color” which means to stick. A paper collage is a picture made by gluing down scraps of different papers.

April 23, 2019

Value: the value of a color of a surface is its lightness or darkness. The value is determined by the amount of light reflected by the surface: the greater the amount of light reflected, the lighter the surface.

April 24, 2019

Light: Is the source of all color. The wave length of light determines its color or hue.

April 25, 2019

Proportion is one of the principles of art, which describes the size, location or amount of one thing compared to another.

Week 6

April 29, 2019

Scale: is a word used to describe the size of an object. Scaling helps in determining correct proportions; like, point to point, grid, and thumb and pencil measurements.

April 30, 2019

Ratio: is the numbers used to describe one size to another.

May 1, 2019

Radial: A design running from the center outward, spreading out from a common center like the spokes of a wheel. Radial refers to anything of, relating to, or arranged like rays. (Radial, Radiate, Radial balance)

May 2, 2019

Radial balance is any type of balance based on a circle with its design extending from its center. Designs are balanced as they are equally spaced as they spiral from the center.

Week 7

May 6, 2019

Point of Symmetry: A special center point for certain kinds of symmetric figures and graphs. If a figure or graph can be rotated 180 degrees about a point and end up looking identical to the original, then the point is the point of symmetry.

May 7, 2019

Explain the difference between complementary colors and analogous colors.

May 8, 2109

What is the difference between and the same as positive and negative space?

May 9, 2019

What is the name of the line that separates the earth and the sky?

Week 8

May 13, 2019

What is the difference between and shape and a form?

May 14, 2019

Name three cool colors.

Name three warm colors.

May 15, 2019

What is the darkest value when you’re shading a drawing?

What is the lightest value?

May 16, 2019

What are monochromatic colors?

May 17, 2019

What is a vanishing point?